

# Feuille de TD 2 de Spécifications Formelles

## M1 2012-2013

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au fur et à mesure, sur la page :  
<http://www.ibisc.univ-evry.fr/~serena>

### 1 Calcul de la *weakest precondition*

#### Exercice 1

Calculez les *weakest preconditions* suivantes :

1.  $[serve := next](serve < 20)$
2.  $[serve := next](next < 20)$
3.  $[serve := next](serve < next)$
4.  $[next := next + 1](next < serve \times 20)$
5.  $[next := next + 1](serve < 600)$
6.  $[serve := serve + 1](\forall serve(serve \in 1 \dots 1000 \rightarrow serve < next))$

#### Exercice 2

Calculez les *weakest preconditions* suivantes :

1.  $[house\_set := house\_set \cup \{new\}](house\_set \subseteq 5 \dots 27)$
2.  $[house\_set := house\_set \cup \{new\}](card(house\_set) < 17)$
3.  $[house\_set := house\_set - old\_set](17 \in house\_set)$
4.  $[house\_set := house\_set \cup \{new\}](house\_set \neq \emptyset)$
5.  $[house\_set := house\_set \cup \{new\}](17 \notin house\_set)$

#### Exercice 3

Calculez les *weakest preconditions* suivantes :

1.  $[serve, next := serve + 2, next - 1](serve \leq next)$
2.  $[serve, next := next, next + 1](serve \leq next)$
3.  $[serve, next := next, serve](serve \leq next)$

4.  $[serve := next || next := other](serve \leq next)$
5.  $[serve := serve + next || next := serve - next](serve \leq next)$

### Exercice 4

Calculez les *weakest preconditions* suivantes :

1.  $[\text{IF } x > 7 \text{ THEN } x := x - 4 \text{ ELSE } x := x + 3 \text{ END}](x > 12)$
2.  $[\text{IF } x > 7 \text{ THEN } x := x - 4 \text{ ELSE } y := x + 3 \text{ END}](y > x)$
3.  $[\text{IF } x > 7 \text{ THEN } x, y := x - 4, x + 2 \text{ ELSE } y := y + 3 \text{ END}](y > x)$
4.  $[\text{IF } serve < next \text{ THEN } serve := serve + 1 \text{ ELSE } next := next + 1 \text{ END}](serve \leq next)$
5.  $[\text{IF } mike \in office \text{ THEN } office := office - \{olivia\} \text{ ELSE } office := office - \{mike\} \text{ END}](nell \in office)$
6.  $[\text{IF } mike \in office \text{ THEN } office := office - \{olivia\} \text{ ELSE } office := office - \{mike\} \text{ END}](office = \{mike, nell, olivia\})$
7.  $[\text{IF } mike \in office \text{ THEN } office := office - \{olivia\} \text{ ELSE } office := office - \{mike\} \text{ END}](office = \{mike\})$

### Exercice 5

Une autre généralisation du constructeur **IF** envisage des clauses *elseif* tels que :

```

IF  $E_1$  THEN  $S_1$ 
ELSEIF  $E_2$  THEN  $S_2$ 
ELSEIF ...
ELSEIF  $E_n$  THEN  $S_n$ 
ELSE  $S_{n+1}$ 
END

```

Il est exécuté comme il suit : d'abord  $E_1$  est évalué, et s'il est vrai alors  $S_1$  est exécuté ; autrement  $E_2$  est évalué, et  $S_2$  exécuté si  $E_2$  est vrai. La procédure continue jusqu'à  $E_n$ . Enfin, si toutes gardes sont fausses, alors  $S_{n+1}$  est exécuté.

Donnez la règle de la *weakest precondition* pour la commande **IF** avec les clauses **ELSEIF** .

### Exercice 6

Calculez les *weakest preconditions* suivantes :

1.  $[serve := serve + new](serve \leq next)$
2.  $[serve, next := serve + new, next + 1](serve \leq next)$
3.  $[x, y, house\_set := x - 1, y + 1, house\_set \cup \{x, y\}](house\_set \subseteq x \dots y)$

4. [IF  $new \notin house\_set$  THEN  $house\_set := house\_set \cup \{new\}$ || $num := num + 1$  END]( $num = card(house\_set)$ )
5. [IF  $new \in house\_set$  THEN  $house\_set := house\_set - \{new\}$ || $old\_set := old\_set \cup \{new\}$  END]( $house\_set \cap old\_set = \emptyset$ )

## 2 Cohérence d'une AM

### Exercice 1

Quelles des clauses d'initialisation suivantes sont cohérentes avec l'invariant de  $Ticket$ ,  $serve \in \mathbb{N} \wedge next \in \mathbb{N} \wedge serve \leq next$  ?

1.  $serve, next := 25, 26$
2.  $serve, next := 26, 25$
3.  $serve, next := serve + 1, next + 1$

### Exercice 2

Analysez l'obligation de preuve pour contrôler que les opérations suivantes sont cohérents avec la machine  $Ticket$  :

```
 $tt \leftarrow \text{take\_ticket} \hat{=}$ 
  PRE true
  THEN  $tt, next := next, next + 1$ 
  END
END
```

```
 $tt \leftarrow \text{replace\_ticket} \hat{=}$ 
  PRE true
  THEN  $next := next - 1$ 
  END;
```

### 3 Examples des solutions

#### Exercice 1

1.  $(next < 20)$
2.  $(next < 20)$
3.  $(next < next) = \text{false}$
4.  $(next + 1 < serve \times 2)$
5.  $(serve < 600)$
6.  $(\forall serve (serve \in 1 \dots 1000 \rightarrow serve < next)) =$   
 $(\forall x (x \in 1 \dots 1000 \rightarrow x < next)) =$   
 $1000 < next$

#### Exercice 2

1.  $(house\_set \cup \{new\} \subseteq 5 \dots 27) = (house\_set \subseteq 5 \dots 27 \wedge new \in 5 \dots 27)$
2.  $(card(house\_set \cup \{new\}) < 17) =$   
 $(new \in house\_set \wedge card(house\_set) < 17) \vee (new \notin house\_set \wedge card(house\_set) < 16)$
3.  $(17 \in house\_set - old\_set) = (17 \in house\_set \wedge 17 \notin old\_set)$
4.  $(house\_set \cup \{new\} \neq \emptyset) = \text{true}$
5.  $(17 \notin house\_set \cup \{new\}) = (17 \notin house\_set \wedge new \neq 17)$

#### Exercice 3

1.  $(serve + 2 \leq next - 1) = (serve + 3 \leq next)$
2.  $(next \leq next + 1) = \text{true}$
3.  $(next \leq serve)$
4.  $(next \leq other)$
5.  $(serve + next \leq serve - next) = (next = 0)$

#### Exercice 4

1.  $[\text{IF } x > 7 \text{ THEN } x := x - 4 \text{ ELSE } x := x + 3 \text{ END}](x > 12) =$   
 $(x > 7 \wedge [x := x - 4](x > 12)) \vee (x \leq 7 \wedge [x := x + 3](x > 12))$   
 $(x > 7 \wedge x > 16) \vee (x \leq 7 \wedge x > 9))$   
 $(x > 16) \vee \text{false}$   
 $(x > 16)$
2.  $(x \leq 7)$
3.  $(x > 7 \vee y + 3 > x)$
4.  $(serve \leq next + 1)$
5.  $(nell \in office)$

6.  $(\text{office} = \{\text{nell}, \text{olivia}\})$
7.  $[\text{IF } \text{mike} \in \text{office} \text{ THEN } \text{office} := \text{office} - \{\text{olivia}\} \text{ ELSE } \text{office} := \text{office} - \{\text{mike}\} \text{ END}] (\text{office} = \{\text{mike}\}) =$   
 $(\text{mike} \in \text{office} \wedge \text{office} - \{\text{olivia}\} = \{\text{mike}\}) \vee (\text{mike} \notin \text{office} \wedge \text{office} - \{\text{mike}\} = \{\text{mike}\}) =$   
 $(\text{office} = \{\text{mike}, \text{olivia}\} \vee \text{office} = \{\text{mike}\} \vee \text{office} = \emptyset)$

### Exercice 5

La formule correspondante au constructeur **ELSEIF** est :

$$\begin{aligned}
 (E_1 \wedge [S_1]P) &\vee (\neg E_1 \wedge E_2 \wedge [S_2]P) \\
 &\vee (\neg E_1 \wedge \neg E_2 \wedge E_3 \wedge [S_3]P) \\
 &\vdots \\
 &\vee (\neg E_1 \wedge \neg E_2 \wedge \dots \wedge E_n \wedge [S_n]P) \\
 &\vee (\neg E_1 \wedge \neg E_2 \wedge \dots \wedge \neg E_n \wedge [S_{n+1}]P)
 \end{aligned}$$

### Exercice 6

1.  $(\text{serve} + \text{new} \leq \text{next})$
2.  $(\text{serve} + \text{new} \leq \text{next} + 1)$
3.  $(\text{house\_set} \cup \{x, y\} \subseteq x + 1 \dots y - 1)$
4.  $[\text{IF } \text{new} \notin \text{house\_set} \text{ THEN } \text{house\_set} := \text{house\_set} \cup \{\text{new}\} \mid \text{num} := \text{num} + 1 \text{ END}] (\text{num} = \text{card}(\text{house\_set})) =$   
 $((\text{new} \notin \text{house\_set}) \wedge [\text{house\_set} := \text{house\_set} \cup \{\text{new}\} \mid \text{num} := \text{num} + 1] (\text{num} = \text{card}(\text{house\_set}))) \vee (\text{new} \in \text{house\_set} \wedge (\text{num} = \text{card}(\text{house\_set}))) =$   
 $((\text{new} \notin \text{house\_set}) \wedge (\text{num} + 1 = \text{card}(\text{house\_set} \cup \text{new}))) \vee ((\text{new} \in \text{house\_set}) \wedge (\text{num} = \text{card}(\text{house\_set}))) =$   
 $\text{num} = \text{card}(\text{house\_set})$
5.  $[\text{IF } \text{new} \in \text{house\_set} \text{ THEN } \text{house\_set} := \text{house\_set} - \{\text{new}\} \mid \text{old\_set} := \text{old\_set} \cup \{\text{new}\} \text{ END}] (\text{house\_set} \cap \text{old\_set} = \emptyset) =$   
 $((\text{new} \in \text{house\_set}) \wedge [\text{house\_set} := \text{house\_set} - \{\text{new}\} \mid \text{old\_set} := \text{old\_set} \cup \{\text{new}\}] (\text{house\_set} \cap \text{old\_set} = \emptyset)) \vee ((\text{new} \notin \text{house\_set}) \wedge (\text{house\_set} \cap \text{old\_set} = \emptyset)) =$   
 $((\text{new} \in \text{house\_set}) \wedge (\text{house\_set} - \{\text{new}\} \cap \text{old\_set} \cup \{\text{new}\} = \emptyset)) \vee ((\text{new} \notin \text{house\_set}) \wedge (\text{house\_set} \cap \text{old\_set} = \emptyset))$   
 $(\text{house\_set} \cap \text{old\_set} = \emptyset)$

### Exercice 1

1. Oui.
2. Non.
3. ça dépend.

## Exercice 2

$$\begin{aligned} I \wedge P \rightarrow [S]I &= (serve \in \mathbb{N} \wedge next \in \mathbb{N} \wedge serve \leq next) \wedge true \rightarrow \\ &\quad [tt, next := next + 1](serve \in \mathbb{N} \wedge next \in \mathbb{N} \wedge serve \leq next) \\ &= (serve \in \mathbb{N} \wedge next \in \mathbb{N} \wedge serve \leq next) \rightarrow \\ &\quad (serve \in \mathbb{N} \wedge next + 1 \in \mathbb{N} \wedge serve \leq next + 1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} I \wedge P \rightarrow [S]I &= (serve \in \mathbb{N} \wedge next \in \mathbb{N} \wedge serve \leq next) \wedge true \rightarrow \\ &\quad [next := next - 1](serve \in \mathbb{N} \wedge next \in \mathbb{N} \wedge serve \leq next) \\ &= (serve \in \mathbb{N} \wedge next \in \mathbb{N} \wedge serve \leq next) \rightarrow \\ &\quad (serve \in \mathbb{N} \wedge next - 1 \in \mathbb{N} \wedge serve \leq next - 1) \end{aligned}$$