# Queens of the Hill 

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## Core Wars



Core Wars is a programming game in which two or more programs run in a simulated computer with the goal of terminating every other program and surviving as long as possible.

## MARS: the Core Wars environment

Common memory space

Only instructions
$\hookrightarrow$ data is part of the instructions

Language: Redcode

| $\cdots \cdot$ |
| :---: |
| MOV 0, 1 |
| $\cdots \cdot$ |
| ADD \#4, 3 |
| MOV 2, @2 |
| JMP -2 |
| DAT \#0, \#0 |
| $\cdots$ |

## The Imp: the simplest warrior

## MOV 0, 1

Relative memory addresses:
$\longrightarrow 0$ current, 1 next.

Program: copy the current instruction to the next address.


Result: The Imp copies itself all over memory.

## The Imp does not win

The Imp is good at survival, but bad at killing. $\hookrightarrow$ it kills no processes.

The DAT instruction kills the current process.
To kill a process, insert DAT and make it execute it.

## The Dwarf

Bomb the memory with regularly spaced DAT.
$0:$ ADD \#4, 3

1: MOV 2, @2
2: JMP -2
3: DAT \#0, \#0

Add 4 to instruction 3.
$\hookrightarrow$ its 2nd argument
Move instruction $1+2$ to the value of its @2nd argument.
Jump back 2 instructions.

## The Dwarf

Bomb the memory with regularly spaced DAT.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 0: A D D \# 4,3 \\
& \text { 1: MOV 2, @2 } \\
& \text { 2: JMP -2 } \\
& \text { 3: DAT \#0, \#4 } \\
& \text { 4: } \\
& \text { 7: DAT \#0, \#4 }
\end{aligned}
$$

Add 4 to instruction 3.
$\hookrightarrow$ its 2nd argument
Move instruction $1+2$ to the value of its @2nd argument.
Jump back 2 instructions.

DAT at addresses not dangerous to the Dwarf.

## Core Wars Tournaments

King of the hill mode:

- 10-30 warriors
- sequentially interleaving runs
- score $=f($ number of killed rivals $)$

Highest score: current king of the hill
Lowest score:
© push off the hill
(2) replace by the next contestant

## So what?

## P systems vs. Life

## Inspired by the eukaryotic cell Decentralized computing



Use P systems as a tool for thinking about Life.

## P systems vs. Evolution



## RMing <br> Queens of the Hill

Run tournaments between $P$ systems

Valkyries

## Valkyries: expectations of the formalism

- Ease of interaction in a group of valkyries.
- Ease of programming individual valkyries.

$$
\Downarrow
$$

Transition P systems with communication and anti-matter.

## Valkyrie P systems

$$
\Pi=\left(O, \mu, w_{1}, \ldots, w_{n}, R_{1}, \ldots, R_{n}\right)
$$

- $O=\Sigma \cup \Delta_{k}$ : the finite alphabet of objects
- $\Delta_{k}=\left\{\delta_{t}, \bar{\delta}_{t} \mid 1 \leq t \leq k\right\} \cup\{\delta\}, k \in \mathbb{N}$ :
the dissolution timers
- $\mu$ : the hierarchical membrane structure
- $w_{i}$ : the initial multiset in membrane $i$
- $R_{i}$ : the finite set of rules in membrane $i$


## Rule types

(1) Full cooperation: $a b c \rightarrow x y z$
(2) Target indications: Tar $=\{$ in, here, out $\}$ :

$$
a b \rightarrow(c, \text { out })(d, \text { in })
$$

(3) Membrane dissolution: $a b \rightarrow \delta$

- all objects and the inner membranes fall through to the parent membrane
(9) Dissolution timers: $\delta_{t} \rightarrow \delta_{t-1}, \delta_{1} \rightarrow \delta$
(3) Anti-matter annihilation for $\Delta_{k}: \delta_{t} \bar{\delta}_{t} \rightarrow \lambda$.
- weak priority for annihilation
- $\Delta_{\mathrm{k}}$ forbidden in normal LHS.


## Computations and not halting

Usual semantics:
( Apply the rules in the maximally parallel manner.
(2) Perform the dissolutions.

Halting configurations: no more applicable rules.

Don't care about halting: continuous computation
$\hookrightarrow$ like in VAS, Lindenmayer systems, and Core Wars

## Example

- double some $a$ and eject $c$
- dissolve the membrane
- b progressively erases $c$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \begin{array}{l}
d \rightarrow d \\
d \rightarrow d\left(\delta_{2}, \text { in }\right) \\
d
\end{array} \\
& \underbrace{b c \rightarrow b} \begin{array}{c}
a \rightarrow a a(c, \text { out }) \\
b \bar{\delta}_{1}
\end{array} \\
& \begin{array}{l}
a \rightarrow \delta \\
a \rightarrow \delta
\end{array} \\
&
\end{aligned}
$$

- maintain $d$
- maintain $d$ and inject $\delta_{2}$


## Example

$$
\begin{aligned}
& d \rightarrow d \\
& d \rightarrow d\left(\delta_{2}, i n\right) \\
& \quad d
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{gathered}
b c \rightarrow b \\
b \bar{\delta}_{1}
\end{gathered} \underbrace{a \rightarrow a a(c, \text { out })}_{3} \begin{gathered}
a \rightarrow \delta \\
a
\end{gathered}
$$

- First $\delta_{2}$ in membrane 2 will become $\delta_{1}$ and annihilate with $\bar{\delta}_{1}$.
- Second $\delta_{2}$ will dissolve membrane 2.


## Example

$$
\begin{aligned}
& d \rightarrow d \\
& d \rightarrow d\left(\delta_{2}, i n\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{gathered}
b c \rightarrow b \\
b \bar{\delta}_{1}
\end{gathered} \underbrace{a \rightarrow a a(c, \text { out })}_{3} \begin{gathered}
a \rightarrow \delta \\
a
\end{gathered}
$$

Possible evolutions:

|  |  | $w_{1}$ | $W_{2}$ | $w_{3}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\emptyset$ | $d$ | $b \bar{\delta}_{1} c^{*}$ | $a^{2^{k}}$ |
|  | 2 | $d b c^{*}\left\{\delta_{2}, \delta_{1}, \lambda\right\}$ |  | $a^{2^{k}}$ |
|  | 3 | $d$ | $b \bar{\delta}_{1} c^{*} a^{*}$ |  |
|  |  | $d b c^{*} a^{*}\left\{\delta_{2}, \delta_{1}, \lambda\right\}$ |  |  |

## Tournaments

## Formal definition inspired by P colonies



- Common alphabet $O=\Sigma \cup \Delta_{k}$ for all $\Pi_{i}$.
- Membrane $i$ in $\Pi_{j} \rightsquigarrow$ membrane $(j, i)$.


## Tournament semantics

Same semantics for $\mathcal{Q}$ as for individual valkyries.

Dissolving the skin of a valkyrie is allowed $\Rightarrow$ killing.
The skin bounces all symbols back.
$\hookrightarrow$ including $\delta_{k}$ and $\bar{\delta}_{k}$
The symbols may end up in another valkyrie
$\Rightarrow$ communication by non-determinism.

## Tournament organization

(1) Run all valkyries in max mode for $N$ steps, resolving non-determinism probabilistically.
(2) Repeat (1) $M$ times.
(3) Compute the score of the valkyrie $\Pi_{j}$ based on how many of its membranes were dissolved.


## Tournament scoring



- $\operatorname{diss}_{i}\left(\Pi_{j}\right)$ : number of membranes of $\Pi_{j}$ that were dissolved during $i$-th run of (1)
- $\left|\Pi_{j}\right|$ : total number of membranes in $\Pi_{j}$


## Computing the score: an example

$$
\operatorname{score}\left(\Pi_{j}\right)=\frac{1}{\left|\Pi_{j}\right|}\left(\left|\Pi_{j}\right|-\frac{1}{M} \sum_{i=1}^{M} \operatorname{diss}_{i}\left(\Pi_{j}\right)\right)
$$

Let $\left|\Pi_{j}\right|=5, M=3$, and suppose 2,3 , and 4 membranes were dissolved:

$$
\begin{gathered}
\operatorname{diss}_{1}\left(\Pi_{j}\right)=2 \quad \operatorname{diss}_{2}\left(\Pi_{j}\right)=3 \quad \operatorname{diss}_{3}\left(\Pi_{j}\right)=4 \\
\operatorname{score}\left(\Pi_{j}\right)=\frac{1}{5}\left(5-\frac{2+3+4}{3}\right)=\frac{2}{5}
\end{gathered}
$$

## Tournament parameters

m 10-20 The number of entrants.
N 1000 The length of a computation.
M 50 The total number of computations.
$k \quad 5 \quad$ The maximal value of the index $t$ in $\delta_{t}$. The number of working symbols.

Values derived from similar experiments with multi-agent systems $\Rightarrow$ Test and improve!

# Computational complexity 

Quickly.

## Valkyries are computationally complete

Simulate $(p, \operatorname{ADD}(r), q)$ by $p \rightarrow q a_{r}$.
Simulate $(p, \operatorname{SUB}(r), q, s)$ :

# Decrement <br> 1. $p \rightarrow \bar{p}_{1} \hat{p}_{1}$ <br> $p \rightarrow \tilde{p}_{1} \dot{p}_{1}$ <br> 2. $\bar{p}_{1} a_{r} \rightarrow \bar{p}_{2}, \hat{p}_{1} \rightarrow \hat{p}_{2}$ <br> $\dot{p}_{1} a_{r} \rightarrow \#, \tilde{p}_{1} \rightarrow \tilde{p}_{2}$ <br> 3. $\hat{p}_{2} \bar{p}_{2} \rightarrow q, \hat{p}_{2} \bar{p}_{1} \rightarrow \# \quad \tilde{p}_{2} \dot{p}_{1} \rightarrow s$ 

The language is rich enough.

## Tournaments are not computations

The proof relies on non-determinism and halting.
No halting in tournaments.

The non-determinism is resolved probabilistically.
$\Rightarrow$ Partial biased coverage of the computation tree.

Efficiency $>$ Expressive power

First valkyries

## The Bomber

Bomb around with $\delta_{t}$.

$$
\left\{a \rightarrow a\left(\delta_{t}, \text { out }\right) \mid 1 \leq t \leq k\right\}
$$

Number of valkyries $\downarrow$ Efficiency $\downarrow$

- With 2 valkyries, $\delta_{t}$ may come back into the Bomber.


## The Bar Bomber

Bomb around with $\delta_{t}$, but also stock up $\bar{\delta}_{t}$.

$$
\left\{a \rightarrow a \bar{\delta}_{t}\left(\delta_{t}, \text { out }\right) \mid 1 \leq t \leq k\right\}
$$

Protects against other Bombers.
Overwhelmed when too many Bombers around.

## The Anti-Bomber

Bomb around with $\delta_{t}$, but also eject $\bar{\delta}_{t}$.

$$
\left\{a \rightarrow a\left(\bar{\delta}_{t}, \text { out }\right)\left(\delta_{t}, \text { out }\right) \mid 1 \leq t \leq k\right\}
$$

Protects this valkyrie, but also the other valkyries.

## The Delta Wall

If the number of entrants $m$ is known:
$\hookrightarrow$ or the upper bound on $m$


Stock up "enough" copies of $\bar{\delta}_{1}$.
$\hookrightarrow r$ defines "enough"

## The 2-layer Onion

Wrap the core valkyrie in layers.


How to emit $\delta_{t}$ without dissolving membrane 1?
Destabilize other valkyries by pushing other symbols.

## The Bombshell

Release multiple valkyries from a common skin.
$\hookrightarrow$ multiple charges


## Brings potential cooperation.

Costs a membrane dissolution on the score.

## Discussion and future work

## Tournaments in class

(1) Students design valkyries. $\hookrightarrow$ group work
(2) We run tournaments.
(3) Students get grades.

A classic in teaching multi-agent systems.

## Teaching and research benefits

( Design P systems.
(2) Revise probabilities.
(3) Think about survival in an adversarial environment. $\hookrightarrow$ Potential for thinking about the origins of Life.
(0) Promote various formalisms and simulation engines. $\longrightarrow$ cP systems, kernel P systems, numerical $P$ systems, spiking neural $P$ systems, etc.

## Scoring

$$
\operatorname{score}\left(\Pi_{j}\right)=\frac{1}{\left|\Pi_{j}\right|}\left(\left|\Pi_{j}\right|-\frac{1}{M} \sum_{i=1}^{M} \operatorname{diss}_{i}\left(\Pi_{j}\right)\right)
$$

## Other scoring functions?

- Better capture the results.
- Avoid trivial edge cases.
- Measure the production of certain symbols?
$\hookrightarrow$ forget dissolution


## Core Wars vs. Queens of the Hill

## Core Wars

## Queens of the Hill

Data Secondary Important
Erasure Instruction-based Dissolution
Programs Mutable Immutable (fixed rules)
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Determinism Deterministic } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Non-deterministic } \\ \text { (probabilistic) }\end{array}\end{array}$

## $\stackrel { \boxed { Q } } { \mathscr { Q } } = \longdiv { \Pi _ { 1 } } \cdots \longdiv { \Pi _ { m } }$

$$
\begin{gathered}
a \rightarrow a\left(\delta_{t}, \text { out }\right) \\
a
\end{gathered}
$$

$a \rightarrow a \bar{\delta}_{1}^{r(m-1)}$

$$
a \rightarrow a(b, \text { out })
$$

$a \bar{\delta}_{1}^{r(m-1)}$

$$
\begin{gathered}
a \rightarrow a \bar{\delta}_{t}\left(\delta_{t}, \text { out }\right) \\
a
\end{gathered}
$$

$$
a
$$

$$
\{a \rightarrow(a, \text { out }) \mid a \in \Sigma\}
$$

$\delta \quad$ Subvalkyrie $_{1}$
Subvalkyrie ${ }_{2}$
Subvalkyrie $_{3}$

Thank you BWMC organizers!

